Section 1 Identification.

Product name: Product code:

NOCO® NCP-2 Battery Corrosion Preventative

A203

Other means of identification: Not available.

Product type: Aerosol

Relevant identified uses of the Not applicable.

substance or mixture and uses advised against:

Manufacturer: The NOCO Company Glenwillow, OH 44139

number of the company:

Emergency telephone PERS (800) 633.8253 USA/CANADA

Section 2 Hazards identification.

OSHA/HCS status: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard

(29 CFR 1910.1200).

Product code: FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS - Category 1

GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A

CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract

irritation and Narcotic effects) - Category 3

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2

ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity: 55%

GHS label elements:

Hazard pictograms:









Signal word: Danger.

Hazard statements: Extremely flammable aerosol.

Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

Harmful if inhaled.

Causes serious eye irritation. Causes skin irritation.

Suspected of causing cancer.

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.



May cause respiratory irritation.

May cause drowsiness and dizziness.

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Precautionary statements:

General: Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have

product container or label at hand.

Prevention: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have

been read and understood. Use personal protective equipment as required. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition

source. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe dust or mist. Wash

hands thoroughly after handling.

Response: Get medical attention if you feel unwell. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical atten-

tion. IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to

do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.

Storage: Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50

°C/122 °F. Store in a well-ventilated place.

Disposal: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and

international regulations.

Supplemental label elements: DELAYED EFFECTS FROM LONG TERM OVEREXPOSURE. Contains solvents which can

cause permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal. WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or

other reproductive harm. FOR INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY.

Please refer to the SDS for additional information. Keep upright in a cool, dry place. Do

not discard empty can in trash compactor.

Hazards not otherwise classified: None known.

Section 3 Composition/information on ingredients.

Substance/mixture: Mixture.

Other means of identification: Not available.



CAS number/other identifiers:

Ingredient name	% by weight	CAS Number
Paraffin oil	33.8	64742-62-7
Acetone	20.0	67-64-1
Propane	15.0	74-98-6
Xylene	12.7	1330-20-7
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	10.0	78-93-3
Ethylbenzene	2.3	100-41-4

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health of the environment and hence require reporting in this section. Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4 First aid measures.

Description of necessary first aid measures:

Eye contact: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eye-

lids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes.

Get medical attention.

Inhalation: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is

suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight

clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Skin contact: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes.

Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before

reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth

with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as

vomiting may be dangerous. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter

lungs and cause damage. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or

waistband.

Description of necessary first aid measures:

Eye contact: Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation: Harmful if inhaled. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause

drowsiness and dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.



Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed.

Potential acute health effects:

Skin contact: Causes skin irritation.

Ingestion: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and

enters airways. Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms:

Eye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

watering redness

Inhalation: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

Ingestion: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea of vomiting

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary.

Notes to physician: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities

have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments: No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is

suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to

give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

Section 5 Fire-fighting measures.

Extinguishing media:

Suitable extinguishing media: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing media: None known.



from the chemical:

Specific hazards arising Extremely flammable aerosol. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Gas may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back, causing fire or explosion. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.

Hazardous thermal Decomposition products may include the following materials:

decomposition products: carbon dioxide

carbon monoxide

Special protective Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there actions for fire-fighters: is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing equipment for fire-fighters: apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6 Accidental release measures.

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:

For non-emergency personnel: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. In the case of aerosols being ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurized contents and propellant. If a large number of containers are ruptured, treat as a bulk material spillage according to the instructions in the clean-up section. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders:

If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel."

Environmental precautions: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:

Small spill: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.



Large spill: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and

Section 13 for waste disposal.

Environmental precautions: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Section 7 Handling and storage.

Precautions for safe handling:

Protective measures:

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not swallow. Avoid breathing gas. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous.

occupational hygiene:

Advice on general Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Protect from sunlight. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8 Exposure controls/personal protection.

Control parameters, occupational exposure limits:

Paraffin Oil ACGIH TLV (United States, 6/2013).

TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable

fraction

NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). TWA: 5 mg/m³ 10 hours. Form: Mist STEL: 10 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: Mist OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).

TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours.



Acetone: ACGIH TLV (United States, 6/2013).

TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours.
TWA: 1188 mg/m³ 8 hours.
STEL: 750 ppm 15 minutes.
STEL: 1782 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).

TWA: 250 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 590 mg/m³ 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).

TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 2400 mg/m³ 8 hours.

Propane: NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).

TWA: 1000 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 1800 mg/m³ 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).

TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 1800 mg/m³ 8 hours.

Xylene: ACGIH TLV (United States, 6/2013).

TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
TWA: 434 mg/m³ 8 hours.
STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
STEL: 651 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).

TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m³ 8 hours.

Methyl Ethyl Ketone: ACGIH TLV (United States, 6/2013).

TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 590 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 300 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 885 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).

TWA: 200 ppm 10 hours.
TWA: 590 mg/m³ 10 hours.
STEL: 300 ppm 15 minutes.
STEL: 885 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).

TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 590 mg/m³ 8 hours.

Ethylbenzene: ACGIH TLV (United States, 6/2013).

TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.

NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).

TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m³ 10 hours. STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 545 mg/m³ 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).

TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m³ 8 hours.



Appropriate engineering controls: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or

other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation

equipment.

Environmental exposure controls: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they

comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be

necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures:

Hygiene measures: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before

eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close

to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk as-

sessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assess-

ment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

Skin protection:

Hand protection: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be

worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of

the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Body protection: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being

performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear antistatic protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include

anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

Other skin protection: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected

based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a

specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved stan-

dard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working

limits of the selected respirator.



Section 9 Physical and chemical properties.

Appearance:

Physical state: Liquid.

Color: Not available.

Odor: Not available.

Odor threshold: Not available.

pH: Not available.

Melting point: Not available.

Boiling point: Not available.

Flash point: Closed cup: -29°C (-20.2°F) [Pensky-Martens Closed Cup]

Evaporation rate: 5.6 (butyl acetate = 1)

Falmmability (solid, gas): Not available.

Lower and upper explosive Lower: 1%

(flammable) limits: Upper: 12.8%

Vapor pressure: 13.5 kPa (101.325 mm Hg) [at 20°C]

Vapor density: 1.55 [Air = 1]

Relative density: 0.76

Solubility: Not available.

Partition coefficient: Not available.

n-octanol/water

Auto-ignition temperature: Not available.

Decomposition temperature: Not available.

Viscosity: Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): <0.07 cm2 /s (<7 cSt)

Aerosol product:

Type of aerosol: Spray

Heat of combustion: 32.91 kJ/g

Section 10 Stability and reactivity.

Reactivity: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability: The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).

Incompatible materials: No specific data.

Hazardous decomposition Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should

products: not be produced.

Section 11 Toxicological information.

Information on toxicological effects:

Acute toxicity:

Product/ ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Acetone	LD50 Oral	Rat	5800 mg/kg	-
Xylene	LD50 Inhalation Gas LD50 Oral	Rat Rat	5000 ppm 4300 mg/kg 6480 mg/kg	4 hours -
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral	Rabbit Rat	2737 mg/kg	-
Ethylbenzene	LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral	Rabbit Rat	>5000 mg/kg 3500 mg/kg	-
Irritation/Corrosion:				
Product/ ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure	
Acetone	Eyes- Mild irritant Eyes- Mild irritant Eyes- Moderate irritant Eyes- Severe irritant Skin- Mild irritant Skin- Mild irritant	Human Rabbit Rabbit Rabbit Rabbit Rabbit	186300 parts per million 10 microliters 24 hours 20 milligrams 20 milligrams 24 hours 500 milligrams 395 milligrams	
Xylene	Eyes- Mild irritant Eyes- Severe irritant Skin- Mild irritant Skin- Moderate irritant Skin- Moderate irritant	Rabbit Rabbit Rat Rabbit Rabbit	87 milligrams 24 hours 5 milligrams 8 hours 60 microliters 24 hours 500 milligrams 100 Percent	
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	Skin- Mild irritant Skin- Moderate irritant	Rabbit Rabbit	24 hours 14 milligrams 24 hours 500 milligrams	
Ethylbenzene	Eyes- Severe irritant Skin- Mild irritant	Rabbit Rabbit	500 milligram 24 hours 15 r	



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Not available.

Mutagenicity:

Not available.

Carcinogenicity:

Not available.

Classification:

Product/ ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Xylene	-	3	-
Ethylbenzene	-	2B	_

Reproductive toxicity:

Not available.

Teratogenicity:

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure):

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Paraffin Oil	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects
Acetone	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects
Propane	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects
Xylene	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects
Ethylbenzene	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure):

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Paraffin Oil	Category 2	Not determined.	Not determined.
Acetone	Category 2	Not determined.	Not determined.
Propane	Category 2	Not determined.	Not determined.
Xylene	Category 2	Not determined.	Not determined.
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	Category 2	Not determined.	Not determined.
Ethylbenzene	Category 2	Not determined.	Not determined.



Aspiration hazard:

Name Result

Propane ASPIRATION HAZARD-Category 1 Ethylbenzene ASPIRATION HAZARD-Category 1

Information on the likely Not available.

routes of exposure:

Potential acute health effects:

Eye contact: Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation: Harmful if inhaled. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause

drowsiness and dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.

Skin contact: Causes skin irritation.

Ingestion: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and

enters airways. Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics:

Eye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

watering redness

Inhalation: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

Ingestion: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:

Short term exposure:

Potential immediate effects Not available.

Potential delayed effects Not available.



Long term exposure:

Potential immediate effects Not available.

Potential delayed effects Not available.

Potential chronic health effects:

Not available.

General: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Carcinogenicity: Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of

exposure.

Mutagenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Teratogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Developmental effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity:

Acute toxicity estimates: Route ATE value

Oral 6201.2 mg/kg

Inhalation (gases) 17676.3 ppm

Section 12 Ecological information.

Toxicity:

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Acetone	Acute EC50 20.565 mg/l Marine water Acute LC50 6000000 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 10000 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 100 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Ulva pertusa Crustaceans - Gammarus pulex Daphnia - Daphnia magna Fish - Pimephales promelas - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours 48 hours 48 hours 96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 4.95 mg/l Marine water Chronic NOEC 0.016 ml/L Fresh water Chronic NOEC 0.1 ml/L Fresh water	Algae - Ulva pertusa Crustaceans - Daphniidae Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	96 hours 21 days 21 days
	Chronic NOEC 5 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Gasterosteus aculeatus - Larvae	42 days
Xylene	Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio	48 hours
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	Acute LC50 13400 μg/l Fresh water Acute EC50 500000 μg/l Marine water Acute LC50 520000 μg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 400 ppm Marine water	Fish - Pimephales promelas Algae - Skeletonema costatum Daphnia - Daphnia magna Fish - Cyprinodon variegatus - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours 96 hours 48 hours 96 hours



Toxicity:

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 4600 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
	Acute EC50 3600 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	96 hours
	Acute EC50 2930 μg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 5200 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Americamysis bahia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 4200 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1000 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	96 days

Persistence and degradability:

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Acetone	_	_	Readily

Bioaccumulative potential:

Product/ingredient name	LogP _{ow}	BCF	Potential
Xylene	-	8.1 to 25.9	low

Mobility in soil:

Soil/water partition Not available. coefficient (K_c):

Other adverse effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13 Disposal considerations.

Disposal methods: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.



Section 14 Transport information.

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	IATA	IMDG
UN number	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950
UN proper shipping name	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS, flammable	AEROSOLS
Transport hazard class(es)	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1
Packing group	- FLAMMABLE GAS	-	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	Special provisions LIMITED QUANTITY				

Special precautions for user: Multi-modal shipping descriptions are provided for informational purposes and do not consider container sizes. The presence of a shipping description for a particular mode of transport (sea, air, etc.), does not indicate that the product is packaged suitably for that mode of transport. All packaging must be reviewed for suitability prior to shipment, and compliance with the applicable regulations is the sole responsibility of the person offering the product for transport. People loading and unloading dangerous goods must be trained on all of the risks deriving from the substances and on all actions in case of emergency situations.

Transport in bulk according to Not available. Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code:

Section 15 Regulatory information.

U.S. Federal regulations:

SARA 313: SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.45) supplier notification can be found on the Environmental Data

Sheet.

State regulations:

California Prop. 65 WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause

cancer and birth defects or other

reproductive harm.

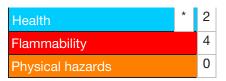


Section 16 Other information.

Prepared on: May 20, 2015

Revised on: July 2, 2019

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.):



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1910. 1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868. The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

Notice to reader:

It is recommended that each customer or recipient of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) study it carefully and consult resources, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this SDS and any hazards associated with the product. This information is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date herein. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. The information presented here applies only to the product as shipped. The addition of any material can change the composition, hazards and risks of the product. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations and jurisdictions. The customer/buyer/user is responsible to ensure that his activities comply with all country, federal, state, provincial or local laws. The conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer; the customer/buyer/user is responsible to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. The customer/buyer/user should not use the product for any purpose other than the purpose shown in the applicable section of this SDS without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific SDS, the manufacturer cannot be responsible for SDSs obtained from any other source.

